| Number: Number \& Place Value | Number: Addition \& Subtraction | Number: Multiplication \& Division |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward <br> -recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) <br> - identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line <br> -compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs <br> -read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words <br> - use place value and number facts to solve problems. | Solve problems with addition and subtraction: <br> - using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures <br> - applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods <br> - recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 <br> Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <br> - a two-digit number and ones <br> - a two-digit number and tens <br> - two two-digit numbers <br> - adding three one-digit numbers <br> - show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and | - recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers <br> - calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division ( $\div$ ) and equals ( $=$ ) signs <br> - show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot <br> - solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. <br> Number: Fractions |
|  | subtraction of one number from another cannot <br> - recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. | - recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 3,1 / 4$, $2 / 4$, and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity <br> - write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$ |
| Measurement |  | Geometry: Properties of Shapes |
| - choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels <br> - compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = <br> - recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value <br> - find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money <br> - solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change |  | - identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line <br> - identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces <br> - identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] |

## - compare and sequence intervals of time

- tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock
face to show these times
- know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.


## Statistics

- interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
- ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.
- compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.
- 


## Geometry: Position \& Direction

- order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
- use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise).

